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Motivation

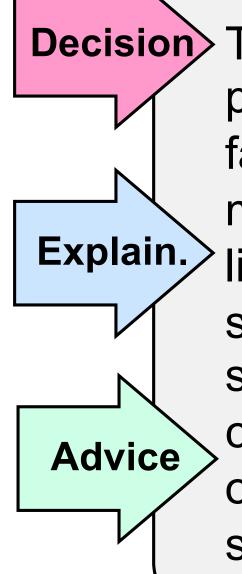
- SMS phishing poses a significant threat to **older adults**
- We use large language models (LLMs) to detect SMS phishing
- It also generates evidence-based explanations and actionable advice for users
- We develop a prototype called **SmishX** using chain-of-thought (CoT) reasoning of LLMs

Challenges

- Short message length
- URL shorteners
- Vague decision boundary (e.g., phishing is different from spam)

Alert - Netflix: Payment failed we will close your account due to missing on payments watch time log-in: https://xxxx

(a) Phishing SMS



Decision This SMS message is likely a phishing attempt. It pretends to be from Netflix and warns about a payment failure to create urgency, which is a common trick to make people act quickly without thinking. The website Explain link doesn't match Netflix's official website, and the strange spacing and grammar errors add to the suspicion. Do not click on the link or respond—if you're concerned about your Netflix account, go directly to the official Netflix website or app to check your account status.

Protecting Patients against Phishing Attacks using Al-enabled Agents

SmishX: System Design

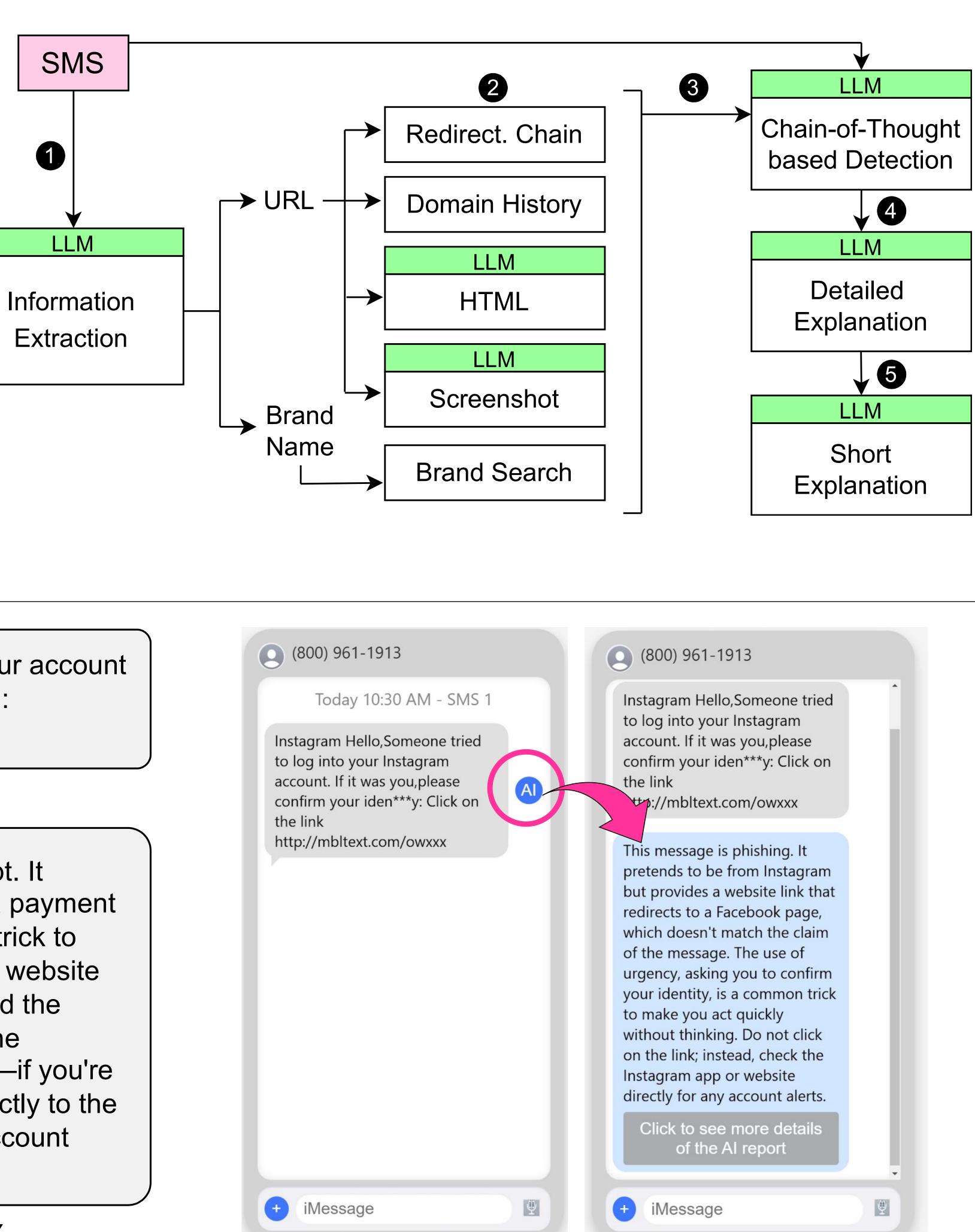
Information Extraction LLM (12)

Extract URL and brand, collect context info

Phishing Detection LLM (34)

Chain-of-Thought reasoning to make a detection decision (*phishing, spam* or *legitimate*) and a detailed report **Explanation LLM (G)**

Convert the detailed report into a short explanation



System Evaluation

- **User Study**
- N=175 participants (40% are older adults of age 65+)

SMS	Accuracy Before AI	Accuracy After AI
Phishing	0.830	0.971
Legitimate	0.594	0.885
All	0.712	0.928
Older Adults	0.710	0.942

Study Findings

- **Effective:** participants' phishing detection accuracy improved from 0.712 to 0.928 after reading Al's explanations.
- **Usable:** SUS score 82.6, indicating "Excellent" usability What participants like about **SmishX**: explanation (n=60), ease of use (n=51), link verification ability (n=9),
- educational (n=7)
- Human-Al disagreements: 7.2% cases of disagreements, more common on legitimate SMS **Over-reliance on Als** for decision-making: can be a potential issue if AI made errors

Future Directions

- Integrating OSF-specific contexts

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SmishX achieves 98.8% accuracy on real-world SMS datasets and can affectively suppress LLM hallucinations

User Study Results and Takeaways

Internal tests with OSF Healthcare employees/patients